MINISTRY TO

Children



OF

Inmates

Dr. Cleveland Houser Prison Ministry Consultant and Trainer North American Division

Demographics

- ►2 million children in the USA have parents in prison.
- >50% of these children live in California.
- ►9% of all children living in California will have a parent in prison during their childhood.

Demographies conf'd

- ► 40% of the children living in Santa Clara County, California had or has a parent in prison.
- ➤ Children whose parents are incarcerated are 5
 6 times more likely to become delinquent than other children.

Demographies conf'd

- ➤ One of the major causes of having a delinquent child is having a parent in custody.
- The majority of delinquents live in poverty and reside in high crime areas.

Demographics cont'd

- ► 60% of these children live in poverty and live in high crime areas.
- ▶ Between 1980 2003, the number of women incarcerated increased 9 times.
- ► Over the last 20 years, female incarceration has grown 516%.

Demographies conf'd

- >75% of female prisoners are parents.
- ▶6% of women entering prison are pregnant.
- ►Prison and jail systems have a 65% failure rate.
- ►On any given day there over 500,000 fathers in prison.

HOW DO CHILDREN REACT?

- Have flashbacks to traumatic events related to arrests.
- Embarrassment, fear, anxiety.
- Anger, sadness, guilt.
- Low self-esteem, depression, sleeplessness.

Children's Reactions

- Loneliness, feelings of abandonment, emotional withdrawal from family and friends.
- Eating and sleeping disorders.
- Attention disorders and developmental regression.

Children's Reactions cont'd

- Diminished academic performance, classroom behavior difficulties and truancy.
- Aggression, acting out, antisocial behavior.

Response From Children of Inmates

Developmental Delays:

- Children don't devote energy to age appropriate developmental task.
- Children focus on their parents being incarcerated and the hardships that come from their parents being away from home.

Response of Children with Inmates cont

Maladaptive Coping Strategies:

- Regression
- Emotional numbness
- · Anti-social behaviors

Effects of Parental Incarceration on Children

- Lives of children disrupted because of parental separation.
- Greater risk of alcohol and drug abuse.
- A variety of problem behaviors surface.

Effects of Parental Incarceration on Children cont

- Disproportionate amount suffering and anxiety.
- ☐ More likely to be victims of poverty.
- Lives of children disrupted because of parental separation.

Effects of Parental Incarceration on Children cont

- Greater risk of alcohol and drug abuse.
- A variety of problem behaviors surface.

Parental Involvement with Their Children

- Incarcerated parents don't know how to build a meaningful relationship with their children.
- Incarceration could be a time to develop skills and bonds with their children.

Parental Involvement with Their Children cont'd

- Positive involvement in the lives of their children:
 - a. Stabilizes and strengthens the family.
 - b. Reduces recidivism
 - c. Promotes self-sufficiency.

Grandmothers

- Motherly Nurturing
- Teach them how to be respectful
- Children learn self-dignity
- Embrace them with love
- Help them to sort through the mirages

School Advocacy

- Mediates for children with behavior problems in school.
- Meets with the truancy officer regarding delinquency matters.

Programs cont'd

School Advocacy

Meet with teachers and school administrators regarding academic issues.

Meet with the children and their teachers regarding progress reports and work in conjunction with the teachers for improvement in academics.

Mentors

- Help curb destructive behavior
- Make life changing impacts in the lives of at risk youth
- Help meet physical, emotional and spiritual needs

After School Activities

- Tutorial classes
- Cultural activities
- Athletics
- Gym activities and swimming
- Social Graces

Summer Camp

- Safe Harbor for youth
- Christian care
- Adventure
- Holistic development
- Socialization
- Deprograms

Parental Classes

- Inmates don't know how to be good parents.
- Teaches prisoners how to be responsible parents.
- Teaches relationship building between the parent and the child.
- Restores love, trust and respect from the child to the parent.

Home Visitations

- For relationship building
- To asses family needs
- To help the child to develop core values
- To assist the child in educational developments
- To assist in social endeavors

PROGRAMS

Anger Management

- Anger in the child comes from being rejected by someone close, usually from childhood.
- If the problem is rejection, then acceptance is the solution.

PROGRAMS

Anger Management

The kind of acceptance that God has for us.
 He knows us at our worst, yet loves us completely enough to change us

Anger thermometer, 1=best, 10=over the edge

Life Coach

Help children to set boundaries

Administer effective discipline.

 Help them to get over the chronic pain of rejection.

Life Coach

- Provides structure to their lives and deters them away from turning to substance abuse to ease their pain
- Instructs them how to find love and a sense of family with out turning to gangs and risky sexual behavior.

Girl Scouts/Boy Scouts for Parents in Prison.

- Parallels life in prison with life outside the prison.
- ➤ Takes children of prison inmates behind bars to spend some time with their parents.

Boy Scouts/Girl Scouts Aim:

- To develop their full potential
- Relate to others with increasing understanding, skill and respect.
- Develop a meaningful set of values to guide their actions and to provide for sound decision
- To contribute the improvement of society.

Faith in The Child

Believe in The Child Even if He Doesn't Believe in Himself.

- Help the child to believe that he is somebody.
- Give them compliments.

Faith in The Child

- * Instill dreams.
- *Lead them to believe that God makes a difference.
- *Teach them to realize where the power comes from and how to develop a relationship with Him.